BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation)	
Against:)	
)	
)	
DONALD RICHARD DOSSETT, M.D.)	Case No. 800-2016-025284
·)	
Physician's and Surgeon's)	
Certificate No. G23663)	
·)	
Respondent)	
•)	

DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on May 23, 2019.

IT IS SO ORDERED: April 23, 2019.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Ronald H. Lewis, M.D., Chair

Panel A

1	XAVIER BECERRA Attorney General of California				
2	MARY CAIN-SIMON Supervising Deputy Attorney General				
3	ALICE W. WONG				
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 160141				
5	455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004				
6	Telephone: (415) 510-3873 Facsimile: (415) 703-5480				
7	Attorneys for Complainant	. •			
8	BEFORE THE				
9	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS				
10	STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA			
11	,				
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2016-025284			
13	DONALD RICHARD DOSSETT, M.D.				
14	2001 Union Street, #420	OAH No. 2018100915			
15	San Francisco, CA 94123	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER			
16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G G23663				
17	Respondent.				
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19					
20	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGR	EED by and between the parties to the above-			
21	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:				
22	<u>PARTIES</u>				
23	1. Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board				
24	of California (Board). She brought this action solely in her official capacity and is represented in				
25	this matter by Xavier Becerra, Attorney General of the State of California, by Alice W. Wong,				
26	Deputy Attorney General.				
27	2. Respondent Donald Richard Dossett,	M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this			
28	proceeding by attorney James J. Zenere, whose ac	ldress is: 1033 Willow St., San Jose, CA 95125			

3. On or about November 14, 1972, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23663 to Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2016-025284, and will expire on May 31, 2019, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 4. Accusation No. 800-2016-025284 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on April 10, 2018. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation.
- 5. A copy of Accusation No. 800-2016-025284 is attached as exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 6. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2016-025284. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 7. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 8. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

9. Respondent does not contest that, at an administrative hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case with respect to the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2016-025284 and that he has thereby subjected his license to disciplinary action.

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Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to 10. discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's probationary terms as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.

CONTINGENCY

- This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California. 11. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- Respondent agrees that, if he ever petitions for early termination or modification of 12. probation, or if the Board ever petitions for revocation of probation, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2016-025284 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of that proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California.
- The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile 13. copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

DISCIPLINARY ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23663 issued to Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. is revoked. However, the revocation is stayed and

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Respondent is placed on probation for five (5) years on the following terms and conditions.

1. <u>CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES - PARTIAL RESTRICTION</u>. Respondent shall not order, prescribe, dispense, administer, furnish, or possess any Schedule II controlled substances or Schedule III controlled substances, as defined by the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, for two years and until Respondent has successfully completed a course in Prescribing Practices, as specified in paragraph 4. Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee a certification of successful completion of the course. This partial restriction shall remain in effect until Respondent has been notified in writing by the Board or its designee that the Board accepts that the requirement of a Prescribing Practices Course has been successfully completed and that the partial restriction has been lifted.

Respondent shall not issue an oral or written recommendation or approval to a patient or a patient's primary caregiver for the possession or cultivation of marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 11362.5. If Respondent forms the medical opinion, after an appropriate prior examination and medical indication, that a patient's medical condition may benefit from the use of marijuana, Respondent shall so inform the patient and shall refer the patient to another physician who, following an appropriate prior examination and medical indication, may independently issue a medically appropriate recommendation or approval for the possession or cultivation of marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 11362.5. In addition, Respondent shall inform the patient or the patient's primary caregiver that Respondent is prohibited from issuing a recommendation or approval for the possession or cultivation of marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient and that the patient or the patient's primary caregiver may not rely on Respondent's statements to legally possess or cultivate marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient. Respondent shall fully document in the patient's chart that the patient or the patient's primary caregiver was so informed. Nothing in this condition prohibits Respondent from providing the patient or the patient's primary caregiver information about the possible medical benefits resulting from the use of marijuana.

2. <u>CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES - MAINTAIN RECORDS AND ACCESS TO</u>

<u>RECORDS AND INVENTORIES</u>. Respondent shall maintain a record of all controlled substances ordered, prescribed, dispensed, administered, or possessed by Respondent, and any recommendation or approval which enables a patient or patient's primary caregiver to possess or cultivate marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 11362.5, during probation, showing all of the following: 1) the name and address of the patient; 2) the date; 3) the character and quantity of controlled substances involved; and 4) the indications and diagnosis for which the controlled substances were furnished.

Respondent shall keep these records in a separate file or ledger, in chronological order. All records and any inventories of controlled substances shall be available for immediate inspection and copying on the premises by the Board or its designee at all times during business hours and shall be retained for the entire term of probation.

- 3. <u>EDUCATION COURSE</u>. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, and on an annual basis thereafter, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval educational program in pain management (which shall not be less than 40 hours per year, for each year of probation. The educational program in pain management shall be aimed at correcting any areas of deficient practice or knowledge and shall be Category I certified. The educational program in pain management shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure. Following the completion of each course, the Board or its designee may administer an examination to test Respondent's knowledge of the course. Respondent shall provide proof of attendance for 65 hours of CME of which 40 hours were in satisfaction of this condition.
- 4. <u>PRESCRIBING PRACTICES COURSE</u>. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in prescribing practices approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully

complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The prescribing practices course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A prescribing practices course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

5. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

6. MONITORING - PRACTICE. Within 30 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for prior approval as a practice monitor(s), the name and qualifications of one or more licensed physicians and surgeons whose licenses are valid and in good standing, and who are preferably American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) certified. A monitor shall have no prior or current business or personal relationship with Respondent, or other relationship that could reasonably be expected to compromise the ability of the monitor to render fair and unbiased reports to the Board, including but not limited to any form of bartering, shall be in Respondent's field of practice, and must agree to serve as Respondent's monitor. Respondent shall pay all monitoring costs.

The Board or its designee shall provide the approved monitor with copies of the Decision and Accusation, and a proposed monitoring plan. Within 15 calendar days of receipt of the Decision, Accusation, and proposed monitoring plan, the monitor shall submit a signed statement that the monitor has read the Decision and Accusation, fully understands the role of a monitor, and agrees or disagrees with the proposed monitoring plan. If the monitor disagrees with the proposed monitoring plan, the monitor shall submit a revised monitoring plan with the signed statement for approval by the Board or its designee.

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, and continuing throughout probation, Respondent's practice shall be monitored by the approved monitor. Respondent shall make all records available for immediate inspection and copying on the premises by the monitor at all times during business hours and shall retain the records for the entire term of probation.

If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a monitor within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall receive a notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after being so notified. Respondent shall cease the practice of medicine until a monitor is approved to provide monitoring responsibility.

The monitor(s) shall submit a quarterly written report to the Board or its designee which includes an evaluation of Respondent's performance, indicating whether Respondent's practices are within the standards of practice of medicine, and whether Respondent is practicing medicine

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safely, billing appropriately or both. It shall be the sole responsibility of Respondent to ensure that the monitor submits the quarterly written reports to the Board or its designee within 10 calendar days after the end of the preceding quarter.

If the monitor resigns or is no longer available, Respondent shall, within 5 calendar days of such resignation or unavailability, submit to the Board or its designee, for prior approval, the name and qualifications of a replacement monitor who will be assuming that responsibility within 15 calendar days. If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a replacement monitor within 60 calendar days of the resignation or unavailability of the monitor, Respondent shall receive a notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after being so notified. Respondent shall cease the practice of medicine until a replacement monitor is approved and assumes monitoring responsibility.

In lieu of a monitor, Respondent may participate in a professional enhancement program approved in advance by the Board or its designee that includes, at minimum, quarterly chart review, semi-annual practice assessment, and semi-annual review of professional growth and education. Respondent shall participate in the professional enhancement program at Respondent's expense during the term of probation.

7. NOTIFICATION. Within seven (7) days of the effective date of this Decision, the Respondent shall provide a true copy of this Decision and Accusation to the Chief of Staff or the Chief Executive Officer at every hospital where privileges or membership are extended to Respondent, at any other facility where Respondent engages in the practice of medicine, including all physician and locum tenens registries or other similar agencies, and to the Chief Executive Officer at every insurance carrier which extends malpractice insurance coverage to Respondent. Respondent shall submit proof of compliance to the Board or its designee within 15 calendar days.

This condition shall apply to any change in hospitals, other facilities or insurance carrier.

8. <u>SUPERVISION OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS AND ADVANCED PRACTICE</u>

<u>NURSES.</u> During probation, Respondent is prohibited from supervising physician assistants and advanced practice nurses.

- 9. <u>OBEY ALL LAWS</u>. Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws, all rules governing the practice of medicine in California and remain in full compliance with any court ordered criminal probation, payments, and other orders.
- 10. <u>QUARTERLY DECLARATIONS</u>. Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations under penalty of perjury on forms provided by the Board, stating whether there has been compliance with all the conditions of probation.

Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations not later than 10 calendar days after the end of the preceding quarter.

11. GENERAL PROBATION REQUIREMENTS.

Compliance with Probation Unit

Respondent shall comply with the Board's probation unit.

Address Changes

Respondent shall, at all times, keep the Board informed of Respondent's business and residence addresses, email address (if available), and telephone number. Changes of such addresses shall be immediately communicated in writing to the Board or its designee. Under no circumstances shall a post office box serve as an address of record, except as allowed by Business and Professions Code section 2021(b).

Place of Practice

Respondent shall not engage in the practice of medicine in Respondent's or patient's place of residence, unless the patient resides in a skilled nursing facility or other similar licensed facility.

License Renewal

Respondent shall maintain a current and renewed California physician's and surgeon's license.

Travel or Residence Outside California

Respondent shall immediately inform the Board or its designee, in writing, of travel to any areas outside the jurisdiction of California which lasts, or is contemplated to last, more than thirty (30) calendar days.

In the event Respondent should leave the State of California to reside or to practice, Respondent shall notify the Board or its designee in writing 30 calendar days prior to the dates of departure and return.

- 12. <u>INTERVIEW WITH THE BOARD OR ITS DESIGNEE</u>. Respondent shall be available in person upon request for interviews either at Respondent's place of business or at the probation unit office, with or without prior notice throughout the term of probation.
- its designee in writing within 15 calendar days of any periods of non-practice lasting more than 30 calendar days and within 15 calendar days of Respondent's return to practice. Non-practice is defined as any period of time Respondent is not practicing medicine as defined in Business and Professions Code sections 2051 and 2052 for at least 40 hours in a calendar month in direct patient care, clinical activity or teaching, or other activity as approved by the Board. If Respondent resides in California and is considered to be in non-practice, Respondent shall comply with all terms and conditions of probation. All time spent in an intensive training program which has been approved by the Board or its designee shall not be considered non-practice and does not relieve Respondent from complying with all the terms and conditions of probation. Practicing medicine in another state of the United States or Federal jurisdiction while on probation with the medical licensing authority of that state or jurisdiction shall not be considered non-practice. A Board-ordered suspension of practice shall not be considered as a period of non-practice.

In the event Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation exceeds 18 calendar months, Respondent shall successfully complete the Federation of State Medical Boards's Special Purpose Examination, or, at the Board's discretion, a clinical competence assessment program that meets the criteria of Condition 18 of the current version of the Board's "Manual of Model Disciplinary Orders and Disciplinary Guidelines" prior to resuming the practice of medicine.

Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation shall not exceed two (2) years.

Periods of non-practice will not apply to the reduction of the probationary term.

Periods of non-practice for a Respondent residing outside of California will relieve

Respondent of the responsibility to comply with the probationary terms and conditions with the exception of this condition and the following terms and conditions of probation: Obey All Laws; General Probation Requirements; Quarterly Declarations; Abstain from the Use of Alcohol and/or Controlled Substances; and Biological Fluid Testing.

- 14. <u>COMPLETION OF PROBATION</u>. Respondent shall comply with all financial obligations (e.g., restitution, probation costs) not later than 120 calendar days prior to the completion of probation. Upon successful completion of probation, Respondent's certificate shall be fully restored.
- 15. <u>VIOLATION OF PROBATION</u>. Failure to fully comply with any term or condition of probation is a violation of probation. If Respondent violates probation in any respect, the Board, after giving Respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an Accusation, or Petition to Revoke Probation, or an Interim Suspension Order is filed against Respondent during probation, the Board shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter is final.
- 16. <u>LICENSE SURRENDER</u>. Following the effective date of this Decision, if
 Respondent ceases practicing due to retirement or health reasons or is otherwise unable to satisfy
 the terms and conditions of probation, Respondent may request to surrender his or her license.

 The Board reserves the right to evaluate Respondent's request and to exercise its discretion in
 determining whether or not to grant the request, or to take any other action deemed appropriate
 and reasonable under the circumstances. Upon formal acceptance of the surrender, Respondent
 shall within 15 calendar days deliver Respondent's wallet and wall certificate to the Board or its
 designee and Respondent shall no longer practice medicine. Respondent will no longer be subject
 to the terms and conditions of probation. If Respondent re-applies for a medical license, the
 application shall be treated as a petition for reinstatement of a revoked certificate.
- 17. <u>PROBATION MONITORING COSTS</u>. Respondent shall pay the costs associated with probation monitoring each and every year of probation, as designated by the Board, which may be adjusted on an annual basis. Such costs shall be payable to the Medical Board of

1	California and delivered to the Board or its designee no later than January 31 of each calendar
2	year.
3	<u>ACCEPTANCE</u>
4	I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully
5	discussed it with my attorney, James J. Zenere. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will
6	have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Scittlement and
7	Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the
8	Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.
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10	DATED: 2719 DOWN Richard DUSSETT, M.D.
11	Respondent
12	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. the terms
13	and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
14	Order. I approve its form and content.
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16	DATED: 2 7/19
17	JAMES J.ZYMERE Attorney felt Respondent
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ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

Dated: 2/7/19

Respectfully submitted,

XAVIER BECERRA Attorney General of California MARY CAIN-SIMON Supervising Deputy Attorney General

ALICE W. WONG
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

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Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2016-025284

- 1	•			
1	Xavier Becerra			
2 .	Attorney General of California MARY CAIN-SIMON			
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General ALICE WONG	COA COO		
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 160141	FILED , STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
5	Lynne K. Dombrowski	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO LAW 10 20 18		
	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 128080	BY Will ANALYST		
6	455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004	7		
7	Telephone: (415) 510-3873 (Wong) (415) 510-3439 (Dombrowski)			
8	Facsimile: (415) 703-5480 E-mails: Alice.Wong@doj.ca.gov			
9	Lynne.Dombrowski@doj.ca.gov	:		
10	Attorneys for Complainant			
11	BEFOR MEDICAL BOARD			
12	DEPARTMENT OF CO STATE OF C	ONSUMER AFFAIRS		
13				
14	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2016-025284		
15	Donald Richard Dossett, M.D.	ACCUSATION		
16	2001 Union Street, #420 San Francisco, CA 94123			
17	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate			
18	No. G23663,			
19	Respondent.			
20				
21	Complainant alleges:			
22	<u>PAR</u> T	<u>ries</u>		
23	1. Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant)	brings this Accusation solely in her official		
24	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical	Board of California, Department of Consumer		
25	Affairs (Board).			
26	2. On or about November 14, 1972, the Medical Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's			
	Certificate Number G23663 to Donald Richard D	ossett, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and		
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Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought

- This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- "(a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
- "(2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon
- "(3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation monitoring upon
- "(4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the board.
- "(5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of probation, as
- "(b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters, medical review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations, continuing education activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that are agreed to with the board and successfully completed by the licensee, or other matters made confidential or privileged by existing law, is deemed public, and shall be made available to the public by the board pursuant to

5. Section 2234 of the Code, states:

"The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
 - "(b) Gross negligence.
- "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
 - "(d) Incompetence.
- "(e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
 - "(f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate.
- "(g) The practice of medicine from this state into another state or country without meeting the legal requirements of that state or country for the practice of medicine. Section 2314 shall not apply to this subdivision. This subdivision shall become operative upon the implementation of the proposed registration program described in Section 2052.5.
- "(h) The repeated failure by a certificate holder, in the absence of good cause, to attend and participate in an interview by the board. This subdivision shall only apply to a certificate holder who is the subject of an investigation by the board."

6. Section 2228 of the Code states:

"The authority of the board or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine to discipline a licensee by placing him or her on probation includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Requiring the licensee to obtain additional professional training and to pass an examination upon the completion of the training. The examination may be written or oral, or both, and may be a practical or clinical examination, or both, at the option of the board or the administrative law judge.
- "(b) Requiring the licensee to submit to a complete diagnostic examination by one or more physicians and surgeons appointed by the board. If an examination is ordered, the board shall receive and consider any other report of a complete diagnostic examination given by one or more physicians and surgeons of the licensee's choice.
- "(c) Restricting or limiting the extent, scope, or type of practice of the licensee, including requiring notice to applicable patients that the licensee is unable to perform the indicated treatment, where appropriate.
- "(d) Providing the option of alternative community service in cases other than violations relating to quality of care."
 - 7. Section 2242 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) Prescribing, dispensing, or furnishing dangerous drugs as defined in Section 4022 without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, constitutes unprofessional conduct."
- 8. Section 2266 of the Code states: AThe failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct."
- 9. Section 11190 of the Health and Safety Code sets forth the information that is required to be documented in a record by every practitioner, other than a pharmacist, who prescribes or administers a controlled substance classified in Schedule II.

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10. Carisoprodol, known by the trade name Soma, is a muscle-relaxant and sedative. It is a Schedule III controlled substance as defined by section 11056, subdivision (e) of the Health and Safety Code and by section 1308.13 (e) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and is a dangerous drug as defined in Business and Professions Code section 4022. Since the effects of carisoprodol and alcohol or carisoprodol and other central nervous system depressants or psychotropic drugs may be addictive, appropriate caution should be exercised with patients who take more than one of these agents simultaneously.

- 11. Hydrocodone bitartrate with acetaminophen, which is known by the trade names Norco or Vicodin, is a semi-synthetic opioid analgesic. It is a Schedule II controlled substance as defined by section 11055, subdivision (b) of the Health and Safety Code, and is a Schedule II controlled substance as defined by section 1308.13 (e) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations¹, and is a dangerous drug as defined in Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 12. Phentermine hydrochloride, known by the trade names Adipex-P or Zantyryl, is a stimulant similar to an amphetamine that acts as an appetite suppressant by affecting the central nervous system. It is a Schedule IV controlled substance as defined by section 11057, subdivision (f)(4) of the Health and Safety Code and is a dangerous drug as defined in Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 13. Suboxone is a trade name for a combination of buprenorphine hydrochloride and naloxone hydrochloride. It is indicated for the treatment of opioid addiction. Buprenorphine is an opioid similar to morphine, codeine, and heroin; however, it produces less euphoria and therefore may be easier to stop taking; it is a Schedule V controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11058(d). Buprenorphine is used for maintenance during or after opiate withdrawal. Naloxone blocks the effects of opioids such as morphine, codeine, and heroin (opioid agonist) and therefore blocks the effects of buprenorphine withdrawal.

¹ Effective 10/06/2014, all hydrocodone combination products were re-scheduled from Schedule III to Schedule II controlled substances by the Federal Drug Enforcement Agency ("DEA"), section 1308.12 (b)(1)(vi) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

- 14. Valium, a trade name for diazepam, is a psychotropic drug of the benzodiazepine class that is used for the management of anxiety disorders or for the short-term relief of the symptoms of anxiety. It is a Schedule IV controlled substance as defined by section 11057 of the Health and Safety Code and by section 1308.14 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and is a dangerous drug as defined in Business and Professions Code section 4022. Diazepam can produce psychological and physical dependence and it should be prescribed with caution particularly to addiction-prone individuals (such as drug addicts and alcoholics) because of the pre-disposition of such patients to habituation and dependence.
- 15. Xanax is a trade name for alprazolam tablets. Alprazolam is a psychotropic triazoloanalogue of the benzodiazepine class of central nervous system-active compounds. Xanax is used
 for the management of anxiety disorders or for the short-term relief of the symptoms of anxiety.

 It is a Schedule IV controlled substance and narcotic as defined by section 11057, subdivision (d)
 of the Health and Safety Code, and a Schedule IV controlled substance as defined by Section
 1308.14 (c) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and a dangerous drug as defined in
 Business and Professions Code section 4022. Xanax has a central nervous system depressant
 effect and patients should be cautioned about the simultaneous ingestion of alcohol and other
 CNS depressant drugs during treatment with Xanax.
- 16. Zolpidem tartrate, known by the trade name Ambien, is a non-benzodiazepine central nervous system (CNS) depressant of the imidasopyridine class. It is a Schedule IV controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(32), and a dangerous drug as defined in Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is indicated for the short-term treatment of insomnia. It is a CNS depressant and should be used cautiously in combination with other CNS depressants. It should be administered cautiously to patients exhibiting signs or symptoms of depression because of the risk of suicide. Because of the risk of habituation and dependence, individuals with a history of addiction to or abuse of drugs or alcohol should be carefully monitored while receiving Ambien.

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FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Gross Negligence and/or Incompetence and/or Prescribing without Appropriate Prior Exam/Medical Indication re Patient A)

- 17. Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 2234(b) and/or 2234(d) and/or 2242 in that Respondent's overall conduct, acts and omissions, with regard to Patient A constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, as more fully described herein below.
- 18. Starting from at least 2013, Respondent prescribed on an approximately monthly basis to Patient A, a female born in 1979, a combination of the controlled substances Norco, Xanax, and Soma.
- 19. During the course of his treatment from at least 2013, Respondent never documented an appropriate history and physical examination for Patient A.
- 20. On or about January 5, 2014, Respondent issued to Patient A prescriptions for #90 Norco, #90 Soma, and #30 Xanax. Respondent, however, did not document these prescriptions in the patient's chart and there was no documented visit.
- 21. On January 29, 2014, Respondent apparently saw the patient but did not perform and document any physical examination or information about the patient's condition and complaints. Respondent refilled the prescriptions for #90 Norco and #90 Soma and doubled the amount of Xanax to #60 tablets. Respondent did not document any medical indications for his prescribing of the controlled substances.
- 22. Throughout 2014, Respondent continued to prescribe #90 Norco, #90 Soma, and #60 Xanax on about a monthly basis to Patient A, without documenting an appropriate examination and medical indication for the prescribing.
- 23. On or about February 13, 2015, Respondent increased the monthly amount of Xanax prescribed for Patient A from #60 to #90 tablets, along with prescriptions for Norco and #90 Soma. Respondent did not document a visit with the Patient and there is no documentation of an

appropriate examination and medical indication for the prescribing, particularly the increased dosage.

- 24. On or about November 12, 2015, Respondent increased the monthly amount of Norco prescribed for Patient A from #90 to #120 tablets, along with the #90 Soma and #60 Xanax. Respondent, however, did not document this increase in the patient's records. There is no documentation of a visit with the Patient and no documentation of an appropriate examination, and no medical indication for the prescribing, particularly the increased dosage.
- 25. From November 12, 2015 through about April 13, 2016, Respondent continued to prescribe #120 Norco, #90 Soma, and #60 Xanax on about a monthly basis to Patient A, without ever documenting an appropriate examination and medical indication for the prescribing.
- 26. On or about March 9, 2016, Respondent documented that Patient A requested a prescription for Phentermine and he issued a prescription for #30 Phentermine 37.5 mg. tablets. Respondent also refilled Patient A's prescriptions for #120 Norco, #90 Soma and #90 Xanax. Respondent, however, did not document an appropriate examination, and there is no medical indication for the prescribing, particularly the additional prescription of Phentermine. It is unclear from Respondent's records whether he actually saw the patient on March 9, 2016.
- 27. In or about May and June 2016, Respondent prescribed, on a monthly basis to Patient A, #90 Norco, #90 Soma, and #90 Xanax, without documenting in the patient's records an appropriate examination or medical indication for the prescribing.
- 28. On or about July 5, 2016, Respondent again increased the monthly amount of Norco prescribed for Patient A from #90 to #120 tablets, along with the #90 Soma and #60 Xanax. Respondent, however, did not document this increase of dosing in the patient's records. There is no documentation of any visit with the Patient, no documentation of an appropriate examination, and no medical indication for the prescribing.
- 29. From about July 5, 2016 through at least November 15, 2016, Respondent continued to prescribe #120 Norco, #90 Soma, and #60 Xanax on about a monthly basis to Patient A, without ever documenting an appropriate examination and medical indication for the prescribing.

- 30. During the course of his treatment of Patient A, Respondent often issued pre-dated prescriptions for refills of controlled substances to be provided to the patient at times when he was out of the office.
- 31. Respondent's overall conduct, acts and/or omissions, with regard to Patient A, as set forth in paragraphs 17 through 30 herein, constitutes unprofessional conduct through gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, pursuant to Business and Professions Code Sections 2234, subdivision (b) and/or subdivision (d), and/or section 2242, and is therefore subject to disciplinary action. More specifically, Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct with regard to Patient A as follows:
- a. Respondent's repeated long-term prescribing to Patient A of a combination of benzodiazepines, Norco, and Soma constitutes, by itself, an extreme departure from the standard of care.
- b. Respondent's records were missing or lacking complete and comprehensive documentation of the patient's complaints, assessments, progress, diagnoses, status, response to treatment, and evolving treatment plan.
- c. Respondent failed to document that informed consent was obtained and that the patient was informed of the risks and benefits of each controlled substance prescribed and warned about the dangers of the drug combinations.
- d. Respondent failed to conduct and document appropriate periodic reviews and assessments.
- e. Respondent failed to conduct proper monitoring of the patient, which included, but was not limited to, a failure to conduct random drug screens and to review CURES.
- f. Respondent failed to consider alternative therapies and/or failed to document that alternative therapies were considered and offered to the patient.
- g. Respondent demonstrated a lack of knowledge about the risks of the long-term use of carisoprodol (Soma) and/or about the dangers of prescribing controlled substances in combination, particularly combinations of sedating drugs.

- h. Respondent failed to document that he obtained a narcotics agreement with the patient for the chronic prescribing of controlled substances.
- i. Respondent prescribed and dispensed controlled substances on a long-term basis without documenting appropriate medical examinations and/or medical indications.
- j. Respondent failed to have a treatment plan and structured approach to prescribing controlled substances.
- k. Respondent prescribed Phentermine to Patient A without a medical indication, without calculating and documenting the patient's BMI.
- l. Respondent issued pre-dated prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances that were dispensed without him seeing the patient.
- m. Respondent's records are incomplete and inadequate and fail to document a comprehensive and complete controlled substance medication history and the patient's daily medication use.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Gross Negligence and/or Incompetence and/or Prescribing Without Appropriate Prior Exam/Medical Indication re Patient B)

- 32. Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 2234(b) and/or 2234(d) and/or 2242 in that Respondent's overall conduct, acts and omissions, with regard to Patient B constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, as more fully described herein below.
- 33. On or about September 23, 2014, Respondent saw Patient B, a female born in 1976, whom he diagnosed with chronic anxiety (PTSD), chronic insomnia, and low back pain. Respondent did not document a complete history and physical examination of the patient and did not fully document his treatment, or the prescriptions issued. Based upon other prescribing records, Respondent prescribed to Patient B the following controlled substances that were obtained by the patient on 09/24/2014: #20 Norco 325 mg./10 mg.; #60 Xanax 1 mg.; and, #30 Ambien 10 mg.

- 34. About three weeks later, on or about October 13, 2014, Respondent saw Patient B and documented that the patient requested pain medication/muscle relaxant and an increased dose of Xanax. Respondent increased the dosages of Norco and Xanax and issued the following prescriptions to Patient B: #90 Norco 325 mg./10 mg.; #90 Xanax 1 mg.; and, #30 Ambien 10 mg. Respondent did not perform an appropriate physical examination, obtain an appropriate medical history of the patient, and did not document any objective findings or medical indications to support his prescribing, particularly the increased doses.
- 35. For approximately the next seven months, from about October 15, 2014 through at least May 21, 2015, Respondent prescribed, on about a monthly basis, the same combination of controlled substances to Patient B: #90 Norco 325 mg/10 mg.; #90 Xanax 1 mg.; and, #30 Ambien 10 mg. tablets. Respondent's records for Patient B during that same time period are inadequate and do not document a treatment plan and/or findings to assess the effectiveness of the treatment. There is also no documentation that informed consent was obtained for the chronic prescribing of controlled substances.
- 36. On or about May 21, 2015, Respondent increased the amount of Norco prescribed to Patient B from #90 tablets to #120 tablets and refilled prescriptions for #90 Xanax 1 mg.; and, #30 Ambien 10 mg. There is nothing in Respondent's records about the issuance of these prescriptions and no documented medical indication for the increased amount of Norco prescribed.
- 37. For about the next nine months, from about May 21, 2015 through about February 23, 2016, Respondent prescribed, on about a monthly basis, the same combination of controlled substances to Patient B: #120 Norco 325 mg/10 mg.; #90 Xanax 1 mg.; and, #30 Ambien 10 mg. tablets. Respondent's records for Patient B during that same time period are inadequate and do not document appropriate physical examinations, a treatment plan and/or findings to assess the effectiveness of the treatment.
- 38. In or about March, 2016, Respondent added a prescription for #60 Adderall 15 mg. while continuing to prescribe to Patient B: #120 Norco 325 mg/10 mg.; and #90 Xanax 1 mg. There is no documentation of an appropriate physical examination, a treatment plan and/or

findings to assess the effectiveness of the treatment, or the medical indications to support the prescribing. There is also no documentation to explain the decision to discontinue the prescribing of Ambien and to commence prescribing Adderall, which prescription was issued for only one month.

- 39. In or about April, 2016, Respondent decreased the strength of the Xanax prescribed from 1 mg. to 0.5 mg. and decreased by half the amount of Norco, without any explanation noted in the patient's records and no documented visit with objective findings. On or about April 27, 2016, Patient B filled the following controlled substances prescriptions from Respondent: #60 Norco 325 mg/10 mg.; and #90 Xanax 0.5 mg. There is no documentation by Respondent of any visit, appropriate physical examination, a treatment plan and/or findings to assess the effectiveness of the treatment, or the medical indications to support the prescribing.
- 40. Less than one month later, on or about May 19, 2016, Respondent increased the amount of Xanax 0.5 mg. prescribed to #120 tablets for Patient B.
- 41. It is unclear from Respondent's records whether Respondent saw Patient B between August 25, 2015 and October 6, 2016 because no vitals or other physical findings were documented.
- 42. On or about October 6, 2016, Respondent saw Patient B and increased the strength of the Xanax to 1 mg. tablets. At that visit, Respondent issued a prescription for #90 Xanax 1 mg. tablets and issued pre-dated refill prescriptions for that same amount of Xanax for 11/08/2016 and for 12/08/2016.
- 43. During the course of his treatment of Patient B, Respondent would often issue predated prescriptions for refills of controlled substances to be provided to the patient at times when he was out of the office, for example, in February, March, and April 2015, and in November and December 2015, and in November and December 2016.
- 44. Respondent's overall conduct, acts and/or omissions, with regard to Patient B, as set forth in paragraphs 32 through 43 herein, constitutes unprofessional conduct through gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, pursuant to Business and Professions Code Sections 2234 subdivisions (b)

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and/or (d) and/or section 2242, and is therefore subject to disciplinary action. More specifically, Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct with regard to Patient B as follows:

- a. Respondent's repeated long-term prescribing to Patient B of a combination of benzodiazepines, Norco, and Ambien constitutes, by itself, an extreme departure from the standard of care.
- b. Respondent's records were missing or lacking complete and comprehensive documentation of the patient's complaints, assessments, progress, diagnoses, status, response to treatment, and evolving treatment plan.
- c. Respondent failed to document that informed consent was obtained and that the patient was informed of the risks and benefits of each controlled substance prescribed and warned about the dangers of the drug combinations.
- d. Respondent failed to conduct and document appropriate periodic reviews and assessments.
- e. Respondent failed to conduct proper monitoring of the patient, which included, but was not limited to, a failure to conduct random drug screens and to review CURES.
- f. Respondent failed to consider alternative therapies and/or failed to document that alternative therapies were considered and offered to the patient.
- g. Respondent failed to have a treatment plan and structured approach to prescribing controlled substances.
- h. Respondent demonstrated a lack of knowledge about the risks of the long-term prescribing of controlled substances in combination, particularly combinations of sedating drugs.
- i. Respondent failed to document that he obtained a narcotics agreement with the patient for the chronic prescribing of controlled substances.
- j. Respondent prescribed and dispensed controlled substances on a long-term basis without documented appropriate medical examinations and/or medical indications.
- k. Respondent issued pre-dated prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances that were dispensed without him seeing the patient.

1. Respondent's records are incomplete and inadequate and fail to document a comprehensive and complete controlled substance medication history and the patient's daily medication use.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Gross Negligence and/or Incompetence and/or Prescribing Without Appropriate Prior Exam/Medical Indication re Patient C)

- 45. Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 2234(b) and/or 2234(d) and/or 2242 in that Respondent's overall conduct, acts and omissions, with regard to Patient C constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, as more fully described herein below.
- 46. Since at least January 2013 through October 2014, Respondent has prescribed, on approximately a monthly basis, a combination of Norco 325/10, Xanax, and Valium to Patient C, a male born in 1963.
- 47. In January 2013, Respondent prescribed to Patient C #180 Norco 325/10 (a 22-days supply), #60 Xanax 0.5 mg., and #30 Valium 10 mg.
- 48. In or about October 2014, Respondent prescribed to Patient C #120 Norco 325/10, #30 Xanax 1 mg., and #30 Valium 10 mg.
- 49. From January 2013 through October 2014, Respondent has prescribed to Patient C the combination of opioids (Norco) and two benzodiazepines (Xanax, Valium) without documenting an appropriate physical examination and medical indication for the prescribing, both the combination and the quantities.
- 50. From about May 25, 2014 through at least October 15, 2014, Respondent prescribed Norco, Xanax and Valium to Patient C while the patient was being prescribed Suboxone or buprenorphine by another physician.
- 51. Respondent's overall conduct, acts and/or omissions, with regard to Patient C, as set forth in paragraphs 45 through 50 herein, constitutes unprofessional conduct through gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and

a medical indication, pursuant to Business and Professions Code Sections 2234 subdivisions (b) and/or (d) and/or section 2242, and is therefore subject to disciplinary action. More specifically, Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct with regard to Patient C as follows:

- a. Respondent's repeated long-term prescribing to Patient C of high doses of two benzodiazepines constitutes, by itself, an extreme departure from the standard of care.
- b. Respondent's repeated long-term prescribing to Patient C of high doses of benzodiazepines in combination with Norco constitutes, by itself, an extreme departure from the standard of care.
- c. Respondent's records were missing or lacking complete and comprehensive documentation of the patient's complaints, assessments, progress, diagnoses, status, response to treatment, and evolving treatment plan.
- d. Respondent failed to document that informed consent was obtained and that the patient was informed of the risks and benefits of each controlled substance prescribed, particularly the risks of prescribing two benzodiazepines together and in combination with opioids.
- e. Respondent failed to conduct and document appropriate periodic reviews and assessments.
- f. Respondent failed to conduct proper monitoring of the patient which included, but was not limited to, a failure to elicit from the patient information about other treatments, a failure to review CURES or a pharmacy prescribing profile, and/or a failure to conduct random drug screens.
- g. Respondent failed to consider alternative therapies and/or failed to document that alternative therapies were considered and offered to the patient.
- h. Respondent failed to have a treatment plan and structured approach to prescribing controlled substances.
- i. Respondent demonstrated a lack of knowledge about the risks of the long-term use of high doses of Norco and/or about the dangers of prescribing opioids and two benzodiazepines in combination.

- j. Respondent failed to document that he obtained a narcotics agreement with the patient for the chronic prescribing of controlled substances.
- k. Respondent prescribed and dispensed controlled substances on a long-term basis without documented appropriate medical examinations and/or medical indications.
- 1. Respondent prescribed opiates to Patient C while the patient was being prescribed Suboxone by another physician, which is contraindicated.
- m. Respondent's records are incomplete, inadequate, and often illegible. His records fail to document a comprehensive and complete controlled substance medication history and the patient's daily medication use.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Gross Negligence and/or Incompetence and/or Prescribing Without Appropriate Prior Exam/Medical Indication re Patient D)

- 52. Respondent Donald Richard Dossett, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 2234(b) and/or 2234(d) and/or 2242 in that Respondent's overall conduct, acts and omissions, with regard to Patient D constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, as more fully described herein below.
- 53. Respondent first saw Patient D, a male born in 1963, on or about August 1998. Patient D had complaints of low back pain.
- 54. From about 2013 through at least March 2017, Respondent had prescribed to Patient D, on an approximately monthly basis, the following combination of controlled substances: #90 Vicodin/Norco 325 mg./7.5 mg. or 10 mg.; #90 Soma 350 mg.; and, #30 Valium 10 mg.
- 55. It is unclear from Respondent's records how many times he saw Patient D because for most of his notes there is no documentation of vitals, a medical history, the patient's symptoms/condition, a physical examination or assessment, and a treatment plan with objectives.
- 56. From about 2013 through at least March 2017, Respondent continued to prescribe Norco, Soma, and Valium on about a monthly basis to Patient D without documenting an appropriate examination and medical indication for the prescribing.

- 57. During the course of his treatment of Patient D, Respondent often issued pre-dated prescriptions for refills of controlled substances to be provided to the patient at times when he was out of the office.
- 58. Respondent's overall conduct, acts and/or omissions, with regard to Patient D, as set forth in paragraphs 52 through 57 herein, constitutes unprofessional conduct through gross negligence and/or incompetence and/or prescribing without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, pursuant to Business and Professions Code Sections 2234 subdivisions (b) and/or (d) and/or section 2242, and is therefore subject to disciplinary action. More specifically, Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct with regard to Patient D as follows:
- a. Respondent's repeated long-term prescribing to Patient D of a combination of benzodiazepines, Norco, and Soma constitutes, by itself, an extreme departure from the standard of care.
- b. Respondent's records were missing or lacking complete and comprehensive documentation of the patient's complaints, assessments, progress, diagnoses, status, response to treatment, and evolving treatment plan.
- c. Respondent failed to document that informed consent was obtained and that the patient was informed of the risks and benefits of each controlled substance prescribed and warned about the dangers of the drug combinations.
- d. Respondent failed to conduct and document appropriate periodic reviews and assessments.
- e. Respondent failed to conduct proper monitoring of the patient, which included, but was not limited to, a failure to conduct random drug screens and a review of CURES.
- f. Respondent failed to have a treatment plan and structured approach to prescribing controlled substances.
- g. Respondent failed to consider alternative therapies and/or failed to document that alternative therapies were considered and offered to the patient.

	h.	Respondent demonstrated a lack of knowledge about the risks of the long-term
use of c	arisoprod	lol (Soma) and/or about the dangers of prescribing controlled substances in
combina	ation, par	ticularly combinations of sedating drugs.

- i. Respondent failed to document that he obtained a narcotics agreement with the patient for the chronic prescribing of controlled substances.
- j. Respondent prescribed and dispensed controlled substances on a long-term basis without documented appropriate medical examinations and/or medical indications.
- k. Respondent issued pre-dated prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances that were dispensed without seeing the patient.
- I. Respondent's records are incomplete and inadequate and fail to document a comprehensive and complete controlled substance medication history and the patient's daily medication use.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Repeated Negligent Acts: Patients A, B, C, D)

59. In the alternative, Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c) for repeated negligent acts, jointly and/or severally, for his acts and/or omissions regarding Patient A, Patient B, Patient C, and/or Patient D, as alleged in paragraphs 17 through 58, which are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Records and/or Records of Schedule II Prescriptions: Patients A, B, C, D)

60. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under Business and Professions Code section 2266 for failure to maintain adequate and accurate records and/or Health and Safety Code section 11190 for failure to maintain adequate records for Schedule II prescriptions, jointly and/or severally, regarding Patient A and/or Patient B and/or Patient C and/or Patient D, as alleged in paragraphs 17 through 58, which are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth.

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